

1. Electrical Specification

1-1 Test condition

Varistor voltage In = 1 mA DC Leakage current Vdc = 12V DC

Maximum clamping voltage Ic = 1 A

Rated peak single pulse transient current $8/20 \mu s$ waveform, +/- each 1 time induce

Capacitance 10/1000 μs waveform Insulation resistance after reflow soldering f = 1MHz, Vrms = 0.5 V

Soldering paste : Tamura (Japan) RMA-20-21L

Stencil: SUS, 120 μ m thickness

Reflow soldering condition Pad size : 0.5 (Width) x 0.6 (Length)

0.5 (Distance between pads)

Soldering profile : 260 ± 5 °C, 5 sec.

1-2 Electrical specification

Maximum allowable continuous DC voltage	12	V	
trigger voltage / Varistor voltage / breakdown voltage	100-150	V	
Maximum clamping voltage	200	V	Maximum
Rated peak single pulse transient current	1	Α	Maximum
Nonlinearity coefficient	> 12		
Leakage current at continuous DC voltage	< 0.1	μ A	
Response time	< 0.5	ns	
Varistor voltage temperature coefficient	< 0.05	%/℃	
Capacitance measured at 1MHz	0.05	pF	Typical
Capacitance tolerance	-50 to +50	%	
Insulation resistance after reflow soldering on PCB	> 10	$M\Omega$	
Operating ambient temperature	-55 to +125	${\mathbb C}$	
Storage temperature	-55 to +125	${\mathbb C}$	

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1-3 Reliability testing procedures

Reliability parameter	Test	Test methods and remarks	Test requirement
Pulse current capability	lmax	IEC 1051-1, Test 4.5.	d Vn /Vn ≤ 10%
	8/20 μs	10 pulses in the same direction at 2 pulses per minute at maximum peak current	no visible damage
Electrostatic discharge capability	ESD	IEC 1000-4-2	$dVn/Vn \le 10\%$
	C=150 pF, R=330 Ω	Each 10 times in positive/negative direction in 10 sec at 8KV contact discharge (Level 4)	no visible damage
Environmenta I reliability	Thermal shock	IEC 68-2-14	d $ Vn /Vn \le 5\%$
		Condition for 1 cycle Step 1 : Min. $-40^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$, 30 ± 3 min. Step 2 : Max. +125 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$, 30 ± 3 min.	no visible damage
		Number of cycles: 30 times	
	Low temperature	IEC 68-2-1	d $ Vn /Vn \le 5\%$
		Place the chip at -40 ± 5 °C for 1000 ± 12 hrs. Remove and place for 24 ± 2 hrs at room temp. condition, then measure	no visible damage
	High temperature	IEC 68-2-2	$dVnVn \leq 5\%$
		Place the chip at $125\pm5^{\circ}$ °C for 1000 ± 24 hrs. Remove and place for 24 ± 2 hrs at room temp. condition, then measure	no visible damage
	Heat resistance	IEC 68-2-3	$dVn/Vn \leq 5\%$
		Apply the rated voltage for 1000 ± 48 hrs at $85\pm3^{\circ}$ C. Remove and place for 24 ± 2 hrs at room temp. condition, then measure	no visible damage
	Humidity	IEC 68-2-30	$dVn/Vn \le 10\%$
	resistance	Place the chip at $40\pm2\%$ and 90 to 95% humidity for 1000 ± 24 hrs. Remove and place for 24 ± 2 hrs at room temp. condition, then measure	no visible damage
	Pressure cooker	Place the chip at 2 atm, 120 ℃, 85%RH	d Vn /Vn ≤ 10%
	test	for 60 hrs. Remove and place for 24 ± 2hrs at room temp. condition, then measure	no visible damage
	Operating life	Apply the rated voltage for 1000 ± 48hrs at 125 ± 3 ℃. Remove and place for 24 ± 2hrs at room temp. condition, then measure	d Vn /Vn ≤ 10% no visible damage

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Mechanical Reliability	Solderability	IEC 68-2-58 Solder bath method, 230±5℃, 2s	At least 95% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder	
	Resistance to	IEC 68-2-58	d Vn /Vn ≤ 5%	
soldering heat	soldering heat	Solder bath method, 260 ± 5 °C, 10 ± 0.5 s, 270 ± 5 °C, 3 ± 0.5 s	no visible damage	
	Bending strength	IEC 68-2-21	d Vn /Vn≤5%	
	Warp:2mm, Speed:0.5mm/sec, Duration 10sec. The measurement shall be made with board in the bent position	no visible damage		
	Adhesive strength	IEC 68-2-22	Strength>10 N	
		Applied force on SMD chip by fracture from PCB	no visible damage	

2. Material Specification

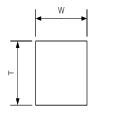
Body ZnO based ceramics

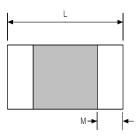
Internal electrode Silver – Palladium

External electrode Silver – Nickel – Tin

Thickness of Ni/Sn plating layer Nickel $> 1 \mu m$, Tin $> 2 \mu m$

3. Dimension Specification





Size	L(mm)	W(mm)	T(mm)	M(mm)
0201	0.6 ± 0.03	0.3 ± 0.03	≤ 0.3	0.15 ± 0.05
0402	1.0 ± 0.10	0.5 ± 0.10	≤ 0.6	0.20 ± 0.10

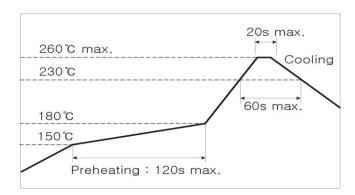
4. Soldering Recommendations

4-1 Soldering profile

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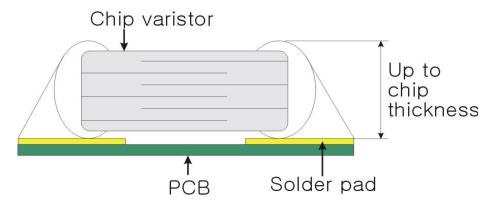


4-1-1 Pb free solder paste



4-1-2 Repair soldering

- Allowable time and temperature for making correction with a soldering iron : 350 \pm 10 $^{\circ}$ C, 3 sec.
- Optimum solder amount when corrections are made using a soldering iron

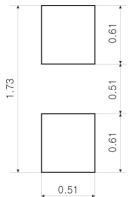


4-2 Soldering guidelines

- Our chip varistors are designed for reflow soldering only. Do not use flow soldering
- Use non-activated flux (CI content 0.2% max.)
- Follow the recommended soldering conditions to avoid varistor damage.

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5. Storage condition

- Storage environment must be at an ambient temperature of 25~35 $\,^\circ\mathbb{C}$ and an ambient humidity of 40~60 $\,^\circ\mathbb{R}$ RH
- Chip varistors can experience degradation of termination solderability when subjected to high temperature of humidity, or if exposed to sulfur or chlorine gases.
- Avoid mechanical shock (ex. Falling) to the chip varistor to prevent mechanical cracking inside of the ceramic dielectric due to its own weight.
- Use chips within 6 months.
 If 6 months of more have elapsed, check solderability before use.-

6. Description about package label

Qunatity: 15,000 pcs

- Quantity of shipping chip varistor

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